

Daily Pacific News.

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WHOLE NO. 270.

THE PACIFIC NEWS
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(Sundays excepted).
BY WINGLISTER, SKILLMAN & CO.,
Montgomery street, between Washington
and Jackson streets, (over Payne &
Sherwood's.)
TERMS—INvariably in advance.
For One Year, per Mail—\$3.00
For Six Months—1.50
Single Copies—12 cents.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING—IN ADVANCE.
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advertisement, the full price of a first insertion
extra.
Legal advertisements, not paid in advance,
will be charged the former rates.
JOB PRINTING of every description
executed in a superior manner, at the Office of
the Pacific News.

A PERISHABLE MONUMENT—The people are contributing means to build a National Monument to Washington, which is to perpetuate his name and fame, but it is well for Washington that there is something more durable than monumental stone to record his greatness, for according to Professor Johnson, the stone of which the monument is to be built is the poorest building material of use in the United States. It supports a crushing force of only about 2,000 lbs. to the sq. are inch, while good marble will sustain at least 9,000 lbs. to the same. It is not improbable that the monument, if carried to the projected height, will fall to pieces of its own weight. In addition, almost every square inch of the marble contains sulphuretted iron, which readily decomposes on exposure to the atmosphere, thus staining and destroying the parts in contact with it. Prof. J. states that the Patent Office building is already so dilapidated by the decay of the materials used in its construction, that it is considered by some of the occupants as unsafe, and buttresses are now erecting to keep it from tumbling to the earth.

We learn from a reliable source, that for the present the Panama Company have abandoned the idea of building a Railroad across the Isthmus, and that preparations are now progressing for constructing a plank road. It is said that there is sufficient timber along the route for either road.

This change in the plans of the Company has resulted, possibly, from a fear of the rival projects now contemplated for reaching the Pacific. There are three: the first, the Panama route just mentioned—the second, the Nicaragua canal route—and the third, the water and land route across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. The distance to San Francisco is greatest by Panama, less by Nicaragua, and least by Tehuantepec. It is probable, therefore, that, if either of the latter named routes should be opened, the great stream of travel and trade would flow over it, in preference to that, by Panama. Taking this view of the subject, whether the Panama Railroad will ever be built. It is 2000 miles less by Tehuantepec to San Francisco, than by the lower Isthmus.

Restoring and Preserving the Sight.—A friend who had read the following items of information, but who had forgotten which way to rub his eyes for loss of sight by age, wishes us to republish the process. It is as follows:

For near sightedness, close the eyes and press the fingers gently, from the nose, outwards, across the eyes. This flattens the pupils, and thus lengthens or extends the angle of vision. This should be done several times a day, till short sightedness is overcome.

For loss of sight by age, such as require magnifying glasses, pass the fingers or towel from the outer corner of the eyes inwardly, above and below the eyeballs, pressing gently against them. This rounds them up, and preserves or restores the sight.

It has been already said that this is nothing new. The venerable John Quincy Adams preserved his sight in this way, in full vigor to the day of his death. He told Lawyer Ford, of Lancaster, who wore glasses, that if he would manipulate his eyes with his fingers, from their external angles inwardly, he would soon be able to dispense with glasses. Ford tried it, and soon restored his sight perfectly, and has since preserved it by the continuance of this practice. [Pennsylvania.]

The Danish Oehlenschlaeger is dead—the most fertile and famous dramatic poet that the Scandinavian kingdoms have produced. He died of apoplexy, in the 71st year of his age. A poet counts for something in Scandinavia. Such marks of public mourning as we reserve here for the more material royalties, have signalized the Danish loss and the people's sense of it. The three theatres of Copenhagen were ordered to be closed for a week; and all other public amusements were suspended for the same period of time. The poet was accompanied to his tomb, in the church of Fredericksburg, by the largest attendance that has been seen in Copenhagen since the funeral of Thorwaldsen. Upwards of 20,000 persons, or just about one-sixth of the entire population of the capital—representing every class of the community, from the Crown Prince downwards—the ministers of State, with their president at their head, the diplomatic body, the council of State, the clergy, the professors and pupils of the University and of the other schools, and those of the Royal Academy of Fine Arts—all waited on the dead poet to his grave. The streets through which the procession passed were strewed with sand and green boughs, and the houses hung out with black flags, hemmed with silver. The deceased poet was born in 1778, at the royal residence of Fredericksburg, near Copenhagen, and of which his father was Intendant General. He filled the chair of Aesthetics at the University of Copenhagen. It was the least of his personal distinctions—but an honor to the country which conferred it—that he was a knight of the various orders of Scandinavian chivalry. [London Athenaeum.]

Kossuth, the Hungarian leader, denies that the farewell address, which appeared after his arrival at Wodden, in Turkey, so generally re-published in this country, was written by him. It was a great piece of bombast. He makes this denial in a letter to a correspondent at Constantinople of the New York Journal of Commerce, dated Kutahya, June 14, and says: "I am not proud of my faculties, but notwithstanding, I would feel ashamed should I have written anything in my life so bad as this proclamation." Among its sentiments was the singular one, that "My principles have not been those of Washington, nor my conduct that of Tell."

William L. Mackenzie has been allowed, by the County Council at York, Canada West, his claim of \$1,173, being in full of his wages (with interest) as member of Parliament for that county in 1832, when he was five times elected, and as often expelled by the Tory majority. He could not draw his pay at the time, because the Speaker would not sign his warrant, but he is now paid exactly as if he had served through the session.

A steamer arrived at Louisville the other day, having a man and wife on board by the name of McCarver, who had been married but seven days. While lying at the wharf the steamer Hindoo arrived from Cincinnati, with a detachment of United States troops. The enlivening sound of the life and drum secured McCarver, who enlisted at once for five years, and deserted his wife, saying, "good bye, wife, I've got no money, and you must shift for yourself."

A venerable man, of the name of Dockstader, recently died at Utica, aged 90 years. At the time of his death, his descendants, including children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren, numbered about 200.

George Catlin, the Indian traveler, is soon to sail to Texas from Liverpool, with a large body of settlers. This is the first band of emigrants; they will settle in Menam county, on the lands of the Universal Emigration Colonization Society.

A large lump of auriferous rock, or stone, has been brought to England, from Annatto Bay, Jamaica. Split open, it appears one compact mass of gold and silver.

MARSHALL'S SALE—By virtue of three executions issued out of the Court of P. W. Shepley, a Justice of the Peace of the county of San Francisco, against the goods and chattels of JAMES LAMB: one in favor of John Cameron for \$146 88-100 judgment, and \$19 costs of suit, being for a claim for seaman's wages earned on the brig Broadax. One in favor of Edward Donnelly for \$120 40-100 judgment, and \$15 costs; also for wages earned on said brig. And one in favor of Richard Kirby for \$115 judgment, and \$15 50-100 costs, on a note made by the said Lamb, I have levied upon the said brig Broadax, her tackle, apparel and furniture, the property of said Lamb, and shall expose the same for sale in front of the Court House, on Monday, the 4th day of November, 1850, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

The above brig is sound and seaworthy, and represented as of very superior sailing qualities; registered at Port Adelaide 136 tons burthen. Sale positive.

M. Fallon, Marshal,
San Francisco, Oct. 28, 1850. o29 tds
GRAND REAL ESTATE LOT.
TERY—Central House property, valued at \$20,000, consisting of the Central House and all its furniture, &c., on Washington street.

Zine House, and all its furniture, &c., on Dunbar's Arcade.
Frame house on Dunbar's arcade, and 232 Building lots; making 253 prizes out of 1000 tickets, or nearly one-third prize. Will be drawn in a few days, by L. Lincoln & Co.

Tickets only \$20, for sale by
Garniss & Co.,
corner Washington street and Jones' Lane. o18 tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the estate of Jacob Hina, (a Kanaka,) deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned within ten months from this date, in default thereof they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

H. G. Blankman, Administrator.
Office in Commercial street, next door to Dart & Gale, up stairs. o28 law4t
CHANDLERS, &c.—Just arrived per steamer Oregon, two splendid eight light solar chandeliers, two of five lights, and six others of beautiful pattern, with rich cut drops, wick sockets, gas tubes, globes, &c., which are not to be surpassed in their superior character and richness. Also 1000 cloths, skins, and 10,000 superior cigars. For sale by
Ebbetts & Co.,
o28 1w No. 2 California street wharf.

MYERS & EHRENBURG, Real Estate Agents, and Surveyors for the towns of Trinidad, Klamath, and for Trinity county general.
Offices—In Klamath, corner of Forest and Francis streets. In Trinidad, corner of Whiting and Edward sts. o9 tf

KELSEY, SMITH & RISLEY,
Importers and Dealers in Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, and Leather and Findings. Fire proof brick building, on Clay st, 2d door above Montgomery street.
W. F. KELSEY, San Francisco.
Geo. M. SMITH, New York City. o14 1m
B. W. RISLEY, New York City. o14 1m

GOLD STANDARD Balances.
A small invoice just received from the celebrated manufactory of Messrs. Howard & Davis, Boston Mass. For sale at S. Adams' Drug store, Washington street, by o26 cod tf
E. Sanford.

40,000 lbs NEW CORN from wheat, 50 bbls superior draught ale, 50 boxes pearl starch, 10,000 lbs crushed sugar, 20,000 lbs brown do, 50 bbls dried apples, 2000 lbs sweet chocolate. Just received and for sale by
Pickett & Co.,
o3 foot of Jackson street wharf.

BOAT STOLEN—Cut adrift from the stern of brig James Caskie, night of the 12th inst., a yawl boat, about 23 feet long, bottom painted white, black top, inside green and lead color, iron row sockets. Whoever will return said boat, or give information of her, where she may be found, to J. F. Stuart & Co., Jackson street, or Master on board, will be suitably rewarded. o14 tf
Oliver O. Jones.

S BEEBEE LUDLOW & CO.,
Exchange Brokers and Bankers, have removed to Van Dyke & Belden's fire proof building, in Clay street, 2d door from the corner of Montgomery street.
Drafts on Beebee, Ludlow & Co., New York; Ludlow, Beebee & Co., Philadelphia; Josiah Lee, Baltimore, for sale, and in all the principal cities, in sums to suit, by
S. Beebee, Ludlow & Co.,
o1 tf Clay st, 2d door from Montgomery

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The subscribers have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of STARR, MIXTERS & Co., for the transaction of a General Auction and Commission Business, and have taken the store in Miner's Building, Washington street, adjoining Messrs. Middleton & Hood.
San Francisco, Oct. 18, 1850.
J. B. Starr,
Jonas Mixtur,
Lloyd Mixtur.
o18 1m

FOR SALE—A Corrugated Iron Store, 30x60; will sell less than freight and duties. Also, for sale, a fine piano, very melodious, will sell very cheap. Apply to
W. SCHLEIDEN,
on Broadway, between Dupont and Stockton streets, or at his office, opposite the Custom House. o1

FIRE APPARATUS For Sale.
A first class forcing suction engine and hose carriage, with all appurtenances, and 625 feet new riveted hose. The whole in complete order, and now ready for immediate use.
Winter & Latimer,
Next door to Cross, Holson & Co., Sansome street. o1

THE UNITED STATES and California Express Company. Proprietors, A. B. MILLER & Co. For the sale and speedy transmission of packages, gold dust, &c., between San Francisco and the United States.

The parties connected with this Express are permanently located, and have been established for nearly two years on the Isthmus of Panama, and having hotels at Chagres, Cruces, Gorgona and Panama, are in constant communication between the Pacific and Atlantic steamers. Their extensive facilities (the most complete on the Isthmus) enable them to call times and seasons to convey perfectly safe and with dispatch, every valuable entrust to their care. This company have undertaken what their facilities enable them to perform, and their responsibility guarantees to the public.

Shipments by every steamer from San Francisco direct through to New York.—Treasure insured at low rates.
A. B. Miller & Co.,
Office in New York, Wall street, near Broadway.

Kelsey, Smith & Risley, Agents,
Clay street, 2 doors from Montgomery, San Francisco. o10 1m

ISTHMUS HOTELS.—CHAGRES, CRUCES, GORGONA, and PANAMA.
The "Irving House," at Chagres. Wallace W. Williams, assisted by Hugh Miller. The "Panama Rail Road Hotel," at Gorgona, under the management of A. B. Miller and J. F. Conger.

The "American Hotel," at Cruces, under the management of E. K. Folger and H. Miller, Jr.
The "United States Hotel," at Panama, under the management of Adrian B. Miller. o10 tf

SACRAMENTO HOUSE, Broadway IS NOW OPEN for the reception of the Public.
This House is the largest, and its rooms better ventilated than any other establishment in San Francisco. The Dining Room, is 60 by 25 feet. The sleeping apartments are well supplied with every thing necessary for comfort. There are forty rooms containing but one bedstead, furniture, &c. Adjoining which is attached a Drawing Room, with private entrance on Broadway.

The location is commanding, being only a few steps from the departure and landing of the steamers plying on the Sacramento river, and stopping at Benicia, Sacramento City, and all the principal towns and landings adjacent to the gold mines.

Passengers landing from ships, and directing the boat to land them at this House, will save a long walk and portage. Steps are provided in the rear of the House for boats to land passengers, baggage, &c. The Table, Bar, &c., is unsurpassed.
Jeffreys & Co.,
N. B. The House can be seen from any part of the Bay, it being the most prominent, commanding a full view of all the arrival of steamers, shipping, &c. o22 1m

CARD—GARNISS & CO., Auctioneers, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have moved into their new and spacious Sales Rooms, in the Iron Building corner of Washington and Jones' Lane, between Montgomery and Sansome streets, where they are prepared to transact the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS, on the most favorable terms. The arrangement of their rooms are such as to afford great facilities in the disposition of goods—the same being of a sufficient capacity to contain a cargo, which can be received from a canal in the rear. They solicit a share of the public patronage.
o9 1m Garniss & Co.

FRED A. WOODWORTH, CHAS. A. MORRIS, WOODWORTH & MORRIS,
Shipping and Commission Merchants.
(Clay street Wharf.)
Strict attention paid to the purchase, sale, freight or charter of ships and vessels, and sale of ships, cargoes and merchandise generally. The locality of their warehouse admits of goods being landed and again re-shipped, without expense of cartage, thus saving an important item of charges, both to consignees and purchasers. Goods Dues bought at the highest market rates. Drafts on New York for sale, in sums to suit purchasers. Storage for every description of merchandise. o1 tf

JUSTICE'S COURT. FIRST TOWNSHIP.—Philip W. Shepley, Justice of the Peace for the First Township, county of San Francisco. Office in Gothic Hall, on Jackson street, next door to Montgomery st. Office hours, from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M. Mr. D. W. Thompson, Deputy Marshal, is the officer attending this court. o1 1m

TO LET—The Large Store 23 by 70 feet, finished and ready for occupancy, on the corner of Davis and Sacramento streets, and one of the best stands in this city for business. The lower floor and third story will be let together, or the whole will be let to one person, if desired. Inquire of
Wm. C. Hoff,
o10 at Hoff & Co., Howison's pier.

THE VERANDAH RESTAURANT, in Johnson's Building, at the corner of Kearny and Washington sts, and opposite the El Dorado, is now open for the reception of visitors. Those who may be pleased to patronize our establishment, will find us have no cause to complain of our fare, as the tables shall be supplied with the viands and delicacies of the market, and our bar furnished with the choicest wines and liquors. Come and see.
o1 tf Atkins, Newcomb & Co.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of Cooke & Lecomte, for the purpose of carrying on the wholesale and retail stationery business in general. They have leased the fire proof store in Wells & Co's Buildings, Montgomery st, next door to Wells & Co's Banking House.
Wm. B. Cooke,
J. J. Lecomte.
o1 tf

CHILI FLOUR.—Fresh Chili Flour, for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, by
Carroll & McDowell,
Montgomery street, next to Ross' brick building. o1 1m

RECEIVED per ship MEMNON, from New York.
150 dozen 1 and 2 lb cans pres'd lobsters.
50 do 2 lb cans pres'd oysters,
50 do 2 do do clams,
120 do 2 do do potatoes,
126 do 2 do do onions,
50 do 2 do do beans,
50 do 2 do do cabbages,
50 do 2 do do asparagus,
75 do pickles, hf pints, pints, quarts, hf gallons

300 do extract coffee, a superior article. Also, pepper sauce, tomato catsup, mustard, brandy, fruit, sour cream, &c., etc. Also, 75 doz Wells, Miller & Provost extract blackberry, a certain cure for dysentery and diarrhoea. For sale by
D. R. Provost,
o7 1m Battery street, Clark's point.

WELLS & CO, Bankers, corner of Clay and Montgomery sts, draw bills on Wells & Co, Boston; Drew, Robinson & Co, New York; Ludlow, Beebe & Co, Phila; Greenway & Co, Balt'e; Ellis & Morton, Cincinnati; Loker, Renick & Co, St Louis; Robinson & Co, Buffalo; Washburn & Co, Albany; H A Rathbone, New Orleans; Maclean, Maris & Co, London; and at banks in Hartford, New Haven, New London, Providence, Worcester, Plymouth, New Bedford, Salem, Portsmouth, Portland, Bangor, Keene, Concord, Bellows Falls and Woodstock.

Gold dust shipped and insured to New York.
LAW BOOKS and Stationery.—Just received, a large invoice of law books, which we offer cheap for cash. Civil code of Louisiana, New Clerk's Assistant, third edition; Louisiana digest, Starkie on evidence, Chitty on pleading, Blackstone's commentaries, Jarman on wills, Martin on reports, Kaupman's Mazkelly, Deslax's digest, Benjamin & Shidell's digest enlarged, Deslax's general Index from 1850 to 1845, together with a large assortment, too numerous to mention, for sale wholesale and retail by
Cooke & Lecomte,
Booksellers and Stationers, Wells & Co. Buildings, Montgomery street. o1

CARGO of ship MEMNON, from New York—
100 bales brown sheeting, 200 bales brown drills, 400 bbls Stuart's crushed sugar, 50 tierces Stuart's sugar house syrup, 400 hf bbls clear pork, 50 tierces hams, 80 bbls kiln dried meal, 100 tons wine biscuit, 100 boxes water crackers, 60 bbls white wine vinegar, 150 hf bbls and kegs do, 100 boxes pickles assorted, 100 kegs onions, 12 hf bbls sour cream, 40 bales hair mattresses, 1500 bbls cement, 20 st hard bricks, 200 tons coal, 100 glazed window sashes, invoice wood mouldings, 12 store trucks, invoice wooden ware, as tubs, pails, brooms, grain measures, boxes, etc. Also, 1000 bbls and 500 hf bbls of that superior brand, Gallego flour, 600 boxes Croton mills do, for sale by
F. C. Sanford,
o1 1m foot Pine street.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.—All persons who have not paid their State and County Taxes, are hereby notified, that the same are due, and if not satisfied within the proper time, payment of the same with damages, will be legally enforced.

The tax on Personal Property must be paid before the first Monday in October, and on Real Estate before the first Monday in November.

The amount levied is as follows: For State purposes, one half of one per cent; for county purposes, one quarter of one per cent; for the building fund, one quarter of one per cent; State and County Poll Tax, eight dollars.

George Endicott,
County Treasurer, at the head of Central Wharf. o1 1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the estates of Charles R. Bimley, Henry Bonfield and George Greswold, deceased, are hereby requested to present them to the undersigned at the office within ten months from this date, in default of which they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estates are requested to make immediate payment.

Joseph Henriquez,
Public Administrator city San Francisco. Office, Commercial street, next door to Dart & Gale, up stairs. o25 4taw

STEAMER McKim for sale.
A fine boat for the Oregon or Southern coast trade. The commodious and popular steam propeller McKIM, in complete running order, fitted with new boilers and other machinery, daily expected to arrive from the United States, is offered for sale. Apply to
Everett & Co.,
Howison's wharf. o10 tf

NOTICE to all whom it may concern.—All persons having claims against the estate of George Harlan, deceased, are hereby requested to present them to the undersigned at his residence, near the Mission of San Jose, within ten months from the date hereof, or else be debarred, according to law; and those indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, as above, or proceedings at law will be promptly instituted.

H. C. Smith, Administrator.
San Jose, Oct. 5, 1850. o5 1m

TO SHIPMASTERS and Consignees of Vessels.—The subscriber is now prepared to supply shipping with water of the purest kind from the Joaquin river, at the shortest notice, having a vessel with the capacity of 20,000 gallons. Orders left with the undersigned at the Pilot's office, on Cunningham's wharf, opposite office of steamers Senator and New World, will meet with prompt attention.
o11 tf James Nelson, Agent.

GIBB, Importer and Commission Merchant, Brick building, Central Wharf, San Francisco.
Drafts for sale on Messrs. Watson, Thompson & Co, Glasgow, payable in London; Messrs. John Thomson, Watson & Co, Valparaiso. o1 3m

J H. Blood & Co., Commission Merchants and Ship Agents. Office northwest corner Clay and Montgomery sts up stairs. o1 3m

GRAND LOTTERY. VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
To be drawn as soon as the tickets are sold, which we confidently trust will be in a few days, as we have estimated the property at a very low valuation, and the price of tickets moderate.

SCHEME.
1st. Grand Capital Prize.—The Central House, and all its fixtures and furniture, situated on Washington st, between Montgomery and Kearny streets. House 20 feet front and rear, by 86 feet deep, 2 stories high. Also, a kitchen attached, 20x21 feet, 1 story high.

2d. Capital Prize.—A Zinc House and all its fixtures and furniture, situated on Dunbar's Arcade, near the Central House, 15x30 feet, now occupied as a restaurant.

3d. Capital Prize.—A Frame House situated on Dunbar's Arcade, adjoining Central House, 14x24 feet, 2 stories high.

4th. 252 Prizes.—252 Lots of ground situate at the Mission Dolores, adjoining the property of Francis Guerrero, formerly Alcalde. Titles perfect. 1,000 tickets at \$20 each, is \$20,000;—255 Prizes—very near one-third Prizes.

Maps are ready for examination. Tickets for sale at the Central House, and at the office of the Managers, corner of Montgomery and Commercial street. L. LINCOLN & CO., Managers. o10 1m

DAVIS & CO, Hardware, House-keeping and Furnishing store, Washington street, between Montgomery and Sansome sts, have on hand, and are constantly receiving the following articles, viz: Chandeliers, hanging lamps, side lamps, table lamps, solar lamps, Dixon & Son's britannia ware, britannia candlesticks, do tea and coffee urns, block tin coffee urns, French coffee pots, spice boxes, nut crackers, grocers tea chests, mason's trowels, cocoa dippers, nut picks, scrub brushes, wash boards, planes, cedar tubs, pails, etc.; copper and blue tacks, door locks and bolts, hammers and hatchets, circular saws, mandrills and mortice machines, first rate articles; turning lathes, spittoons, copper, brass, and pewter faucets, champagne openers, a new article; sardine do, do do; 120 lbs spring balances, coffin plates and plated screws, patent cots, tea bells, newspaper files, whisk brooms, etc., etc., swivel lamps, for ships and steamers; plated castors, 5, 6, and 7 bottles, silver and plated forks and silver tea and table spoons, for sale very low. Very fine boots and shoes, ladies shoes, Lenuel Gilbert's boudoir piano forte, one pair of splendid mirrors, bronzed iron bed racks, with chairs of the same; marble top centre tables, with iron pedestals, splendid gilt carvings, ornaments with clasps, bronzed and gilt candle brackets to fold, very fine cutlery in mahogany cases, egg-beaters, gold watches, double and single cases, gold guard and vest chains, diamond pins and rings. The jewelry will be sold cheap for cash. Beer pumps, plated with marble bases, with all the fixings, britannia beer mugs, hydraulic rams. Also, fresh pickled oysters, warranted, lobsters in cases, chickens do, pickles of all kinds, painted wash basins, etc., etc.

We are receiving constantly from one of the largest hardware and house furnishing establishments and tool warehouse in the United States. A full assortment of the above articles, which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at very low rates. Drafts on New York for sale. Gold dust bought, shipped and insured by
Davis & Co.,
o1 1m Washington street, near Sansome

BOOKSTORE—Wilson & Spalding, Stationers' Hall, Portsmouth Square, San Francisco, and also at their Branch Establishments on Front st, Sacramento city, and on — st, in the city of Stockton, offer for sale.

BOOKS, wholesale and retail, on liberal terms, a great variety, making the most splendid collection of 50,000 volumes, consisting in part of law and medical books, histories, poems, novels, works on science, mathematics, form books, Business Man's Assistant, Clerks' do, Wells' Lawyer, the Ready Reckoner, etc.

Spanish, French and German books, school books, Sanders, Cobb's and Emerson's series.

Stationery, blank books, record books, journals, ledgers, day-books, pocket memorandums, visiting cards, playing cards, drawing paper, maps of gold regions, view of San Francisco, pictures, cap and letter paper, envelopes, gold and steel pens, ink, wafers, etc, and a general assortment of other articles in their line, which they are receiving by every steamer.

N.B. Invoices purchased on liberal terms, and consignments of books and stationery received on commission.

References.—Ernest Zachrisson, Esq, Messrs. Habicht & Co, Ward & Price, New York; Zachrisson & Co, Panama; G Schmidt, Esq, New Orleans; Ward, Marsh & Co, Bosange, Colliard & Co, San Francisco. o1 1m

Argenti & Co, Bankers, San Francisco, Montgomery st, between Clay and Commercial, refer to and draw on—Brown, Brothers & Co, New York; Brown, Shipley & Co, Liverpool; Samuel Nicholson & Co, New Orleans; Alex. Brown & sons, Baltimore; Browns & Bowen, Philadelphia; Jas. Adger & Co, Charleston; Morrell & Dickey, Mobile; T. B. Curtis, Esq, Boston; Geo. B. Cumming, Savannah.

Gold dust bought or insured, and forwarded to the U. States at the lowest rates. o1

W. SCHLEIDEN, Ship and Custom House Broker. Montgomery street, opposite the Custom House, or at his house in Broadway, between Dupont and Stockton streets. o4

DAILY PACIFIC NEWS.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 2, 1850.

J. WINCHESTER, EDITOR.
H. L. WINSTON, C. M. BLAKE, ASSISTANTS.

The Office of Publication is on the second story of the building, in Montgomery street, occupied by Payne & Sherwood, Auctioneers, where advertisements and communications may be left. The management of the business of the establishment will be under the charge of Mr. A. SKILLMAN.

Thompson & Hitchcock, agents of Gregory's Express, corner of Wall and Pearl streets, New York, are authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the Pacific News.

AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC NEWS.—Col. Joseph Grant is an Agent for Sacramento City and the valley above.

D. H. Mason, Esq. will hereafter act for us in San Jose, to whom subscriptions may be paid.

OFFICE WANTED.—Suitable rooms for the Printing and Publication Office of the Pacific News are wanted, in some central and eligible situation in or near Montgomery street. Rooms in a brick building preferred; or any party about to erect a brick edifice may make an arrangement with the publishers by application at the office.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The sounds of gratulatory voices—the rejoicings of a whole people at the renewed assurance of a glorious career of prosperity for California—are still ringing in our ears; the Golden State has taken equal political rank with her elder sisters, and it only remains for the government and the people to be true to the important interests committed to their charge, in order to realize to the full the most sanguine anticipations ever indulged in by the warmest believer in "manifest destiny." The commanding position we occupy on the Pacific, must, if we are wise enough to avail ourselves of all its manifold and peculiar advantages, rapidly raise this City to be the second in monetary power only to New York, which, ere the present century closes, will unquestionably become the first in the world.

Whether our progress in reaching the enviable destiny which the possession of inexhaustible natural wealth seems inevitably to secure to us in the future, is to be accelerated or retarded, depends much on what is done now by those who possess the power in the councils of the State. California is not the place for temporizing, either in matters of business or public policy. To be successful here, men must act, while in older States they *consider* what to do. A year here is more than equal to four in any other of the United States, or half a century in Europe. Our population is made up pretty generally of men capable of originating and conducting any enterprise, and who unite to an adequate knowledge of business, a boldness of execution which is the surest precursor of success. Among such a people, therefore, to hesitate, to temporize, to ponder arguments *pro* and *con*, is to be left speedily and far behind in the race, with the only consolation of seeing others enjoy the advantage it was clearly within our power to have attained.

Why need the fact be disguised that the State of California is *BANKRUPT*—for does it not, like a bird of evil omen, stare us in the face, and haunt us wherever we go? What man among us is so foolishly obtuse as to suppose a people can be free from embarrassment, or enjoy the degree of prosperity to which their public spirit and enterprise entitle them, with such a millstone about their necks as an empty treasury, and a government that exists only by the means extorted from the pockets of the public creditors;—from those who perform services for which nothing but "promises to pay" are given in return? If such there be, Austria or Turkey is a fitter place of residence for him than a State which has sprung, full-grown, into the family of independent governments, and fills a space in the eye of the world greater than did ancient Rome in her palmyest days.

The remedy—the only effectual remedy for the financial embarrassments under which the State labors at this time, and which every day's delay is widening and deepening, is upon the tongues of the whole people. Go where you will, speak to whom you may upon a subject filling every heart as does that of the necessity of preserving and maintaining the public credit, and the universal feeling and voice is—"We must have an EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, to provide the means of carrying on the government, and paying the creditors of the State, or we are irretrievably ruined." Of the truth of this the Executive cannot long be unaware, if already he has not observed strong and sufficient evidences of it. Procrastination is a dangerous thing.—Two months of constitutional power only remain, during which necessary measures can be perfected for the restoration of the public credit.—Let the time go by, through doubts of the expediency of this or that, and we descend to the pitiful condition of

humble beggars at the doors of Congress for alms!

Are we answered that Congress will probably pass Fremont's Bill, and then all necessity for an Extra Session will be obviated? With a session protracted beyond all precedent in the history of the country, when its members are panting to get home;—with bills enough before Congress to occupy all its time for the two remaining weeks before its close,—as appeared at the date of our latest intelligence,—it is not at all certain that any bill voting money for California was got through. Should the rights of this State to the treasure collected from her citizens during the military occupation, and since, be so far recognized as to have a small portion of it returned, so much the better; there are still other reasons enough why the Legislature ought to be convened. But if, on the contrary—which we believe much the most likely—Congress puts off a consideration of our claims till a future session, what a situation will the State be in on the assembling of the new Legislature on the first of January, unless the first Legislature be called together in season to exercise the power which it alone possesses, of passing a Loan Bill.

The people are now taxed beyond their ability to bear. In the cities and more populous towns only can the public dues be realized; and when it is considered how heavy are the requisitions for county and municipal purposes, it will be seen that to add a million more to the burden to sustain the expenses of State, is the drop too much which overflows the measure. We know that a public debt is not desirable; but there are evils greater than this—and of these California is now beginning to experience the effects—a prostrated credit, and a suppliant at the feet of capitalists, where she should stand erect in the full stature of real independence.

It seems to us the Executive can have no alternative but to accede to the desires of the people. We raised our voices on this subject nearly two months ago, and everything since then has but tended to establish the correctness of our position. The pressure of an overruling necessity is upon us, which can be disregarded but at the risk, not of bankruptcy merely, but of *repudiation*; for the treasury cannot, with all the taxes which can be realized, pay one half of what it is now liable for. Up to this time, not \$50,000 has been paid into the public coffers, of which scarcely a dollar has been in money. And we see no prospect, in the unsettled condition of the country heretofore, of any considerable amount being obtained. With the confusion and alarm consequent upon the spread of a terrible scourge in our midst, even the hope of further collections must be cut off almost entirely. Action, then, *prompt action*, and the use of the means within our power, will alone suffice to relieve the State from inextricable difficulty; to recover from which, afterwards, will cost ten times the expense of an EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENTS.—The painful and melancholy steamboat accidents which have occurred within the past week, especially that which resulted so disastrously to life and limb, shows the necessity of a close and rigid inspection of the boats and boilers by those whose duty it is to see to the matter. If no other method will secure safety to travellers, we would suggest that the inspector publish the names of those steamers, if any there are, whose boilers, engines or works, were in the least defective, and permitted to remain so, without proper attention. This would put the travelling public on their guard against such boats as were not regarded as perfectly safe. Because we happen to be in California, where everything is done upon the steam and telegraph principle, there is no reason why men should be reckless of the life and limbs that happen to be entrusted to them for a transit from place to place.

We observed the Fire Department actively and seasonably employed at the burning of the Hospital on Thursday morning. Even the sick were all removed by them, citizens meantime looking on with entire indifference. Such conduct on the part of the latter is shameful in the extreme.

ANOTHER STEAMER SUNK.—The steamboat *Victor Constant*, running between this city and Stockton, was run into by the steamboat San Joaquin and sunk. The San Joaquin brought back her passengers. The past week has been prolific of steamboat accidents.

A QUICK TRIP.—The ship "Carlington" came into port Thursday afternoon, in 128 days from New York. But few quicker passages have been made. She commences discharging her cargo this morning, and will leave for China with the utmost despatch. Macouduy & Co. are the consignees.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.—J. L. Riddle sells to-day at 11 o'clock, horses, and a variety of merchantable articles. See advertisement.

CLEANLINESS.—It is certain that there is no one thing that conduces more to the preservation of health than personal cleanliness. To render the system vigorous and give it power to resist the attacks of disease, the pores must be kept open in order that the *insensible perspiration*, by which so large a portion of what is received in the shape of nourishment is thrown off, may have free and healthy play.

At this time, when we are about to be visited by the cholera, too much attention cannot be paid to personal cleanliness. Those who are regular in their habits of living—who are careful not to overtax the system by too severe mental or physical labor, and who live upon generous and wholesome diet, with frequent bathing, can reckon upon perfect immunity from any epidemic disease—especially if to these precautions, they add a calm and equable temperament, and a freedom from all excitement or alarm. We have, in the *Washington Baths*, one of the best remedial agents in the world—and a dollar spent there is better than if in medicines. Frequent ablutions in pure water is the secret of the high health and athletic forms of the aborigines of the country, who have few diseases among them except those introduced through contact with civilization.

THE SABBATH.

We would call attention to the Religious notices published in another column. We attend service at some place, Sabbath days, whenever we can, and consider that every good citizen will do the same. If so, we need no ordinance passed to *coerce* people into a proper observance of the day. The silent force of example has a far weightier and happier effect than any positive law on the subject.

We have frequently attended the services of the First Presbyterian Church, in the City Hall. Rev. A. Williams, who preaches there, we are happy to see, returned with his family, all in excellent health, from his visit to Oregon, in the steamer of that name, last Tuesday. He is an interesting and instructive preacher; and we value him very highly, uniting as he does, so little of the mere parson with so many of the qualities of the true gentleman. His friends and congregation will extend to him a cordial welcome, which can be evinced in no more flattering manner than in filling the place of worship to-morrow, and listening to an excellent discourse.

The comparative freedom from cholera which San Francisco has enjoyed, with the not unreasonable probability that this scourge will visit us more lightly than the towns in the great Valley, is attracting large additions to our population from Sacramento and the country above. We notice in our streets many whom we have not seen here for a long time past. We hope, however, they may soon return in safety, to pursue their various callings, much as we are glad to see their faces among us.

As an excuse for publishing court and other documents long after we do, the *Pic.* says it gives the "only correct copy of the opinion of Judge Morrison, pronounced on Monday last." As the same typographical errors appear in the *Picayune's* copy, as happened to occur in our edition, it looks mightily as though it was copied directly from our columns! Some excuse, however, is necessary for a lack of enterprise.

The watchful guardian of the Whig party informs us that General Jas. Wilson of New Hampshire, does not come out to California in an official capacity. This fact will no doubt afford relief to one or two anxious of free holders, as well as to a score of equally anxious *seekers*, whose names have already gone on to Washington for appointments of various kinds—such as Post office Agent, Marshal, District Attorney, &c. &c.

THE PASSENGER TAX.—Great complaint has been made in the past about the passenger tax of two dollars per head which is required to be paid upon every man, woman and child who shall arrive at our wharves in sea vessels. It is asserted that it is a serious restriction upon commerce, and the City Council have made a movement towards having the law wiped from the statute books. They last evening resolved to ask the legislature to repeal it at the approaching session.

CHOLERA HOSPITAL.—The Common Council last evening authorized the committee on Health and Police to make arrangements for a cholera hospital. This is judicious; not, perhaps, because the disease is contagious, but the consideration which the close approximation of the disease creates, would have a very injurious effect upon other parties.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.—The opinion begins to prevail that this Court is an unnecessary appendage to the judicial organization of the city, and last evening a resolution passed the Common Council, to memorialize the State Legislature to abolish it altogether. It does seem to be like a fifth wheel to a wagon.

SLAVERY IN CALIFORNIA.—A late number of the Federal Union contains the following facts in regard to the employment and profitability of slave labor in California:

"A friend from Newton county informs us that he has just received a letter from his brother, now in California, formerly a captain of a company of Texas Rangers, which states that the writer has now with him, on the Sacramento River, thirty-two slaves, engaged in digging gold, who have made for him, each on an average, from \$15 to \$20 per day, since the 20th of March last. The negroes are from forty to fifty years old. They give him no trouble, and no one interferes with them. The letter also states that a majority of the people of California, who went from the United States, are in favor of slavery, but that the natives and all other foreigners, are opposed to the institution."

That slave labor may be made profitable in the mines, we have no doubt, that is, as much so as the labor of miners generally. But that a majority of the people of California, who come from the States, are in favor of slavery, we utterly deny. A portion of them are, it is true, but by far the largest number would not be in favor of establishing or legalizing the slavery system. It never can exist here, either by law, or through the force of public sentiment. Where slavery now exists, none but hot-headed zealots would undertake to interfere with guaranteed rights, but any attempt to introduce it where the sentiments of the people are as strongly opposed to it as in California, would be met with the most determined resistance.

TUMBLING IN.—Passing along DuPont street just after dark, last evening, we found the way to the north, cut off by a deep ditch preparatory to putting in the Pacific street sewer. A poor *hombre*, tolerably "tight," undertook to walk the narrow plank which was laid across the chasm, but at the second step, pitched head over heels into the ditch, where he lay for some moments—till, aided by some passers-by, we hauled him out upon the street. The fellow was more drunk than hurt; but we cannot help thinking that these man-traps will be the means of breaking somebody's limbs yet, especially these dark nights when it is difficult to get through any of the streets safely. We have heard of several cases of injury already, from running into these places unawares.

INHUMANITY.—We have been informed that four individuals arrived from up country Thursday, and put up at the San Jose hotel, in Kearny street. One of the number was attacked by cholera, and died about two o'clock yesterday morning. The body was not permitted to remain in the house, but was immediately ordered out, and his friends watched over the corpse on the Plaza, during the remainder of the night! This is the most disgraceful case of brutality that has yet come under our observation.

THE CITY HOSPITAL.—The loss by the burning of this establishment, falls heavily upon Dr. P. A. Smith. The city was about purchasing the property for \$10,000, and the sale would have been consummated within the next twenty-four hours, probably. A good fortune was thus, within an hour, swept from his grasp, and that too, probably, by the dastardly act of an incendiary.

CHOLERA AT THE MISSION.—We understand that William Landers, well known by a large circle, died at the Mission, yesterday, of cholera. He was from Albany, N. Y., and was aged about 33 years.

A German named Henry Hoggans, aged about 35 years, also died at the Mission yesterday, of the same disease. Two children, also, died of cholera morbus.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Gallagher yesterday held an inquest on the body of a man named James Rose, a native of Scotland, aged about 27 years, who was on his way to Oregon on board the bark Louisiana. He was taken sick about five o'clock, and died about seven. The jury returned a verdict of death from cholera.

MASONIC.—In consequence of the prevalence of the cholera at Sacramento, the Grand Master has given notice that the proposed meeting of the Grand Lodge of Free Masons, which was to have been held on the 5th inst., has been postponed until the fourth Tuesday in November inst.

DEATHS BY CHOLERA.—We understand that there were about sixteen deaths in the city yesterday from cholera. Among them the keeper of the Montgomery House. Some four or five deaths have occurred in this house.

CHERRY BRANDY.—We are indebted to Anan, Lord & Co., of Montgomery street, for a bottle of cherry brandy, which a party of "tryers" pronounced a tip top article.

Will Mr. Wm. M. Barr please send his address to this office; a friend wishes to see him.

FROM SACRAMENTO.

By Last Night's Boat.

Hawley & Co. furnished us Sacramento papers of yesterday morning.

Mr. Doulap, member of the Assembly elect, is sick with the cholera.

The President of the Common Council has been authorized to borrow money for the purpose of cleaning the city.

A man named Wm. Barrett was found dead in a small tent near the American Fork, on Thursday.

At 12 o'clock Thursday night, 26 cases were in the Hospital.

The Indian troubles do not yet seem to have subsided. Below will be found a letter from the scene of excitement:

SLY PARK, Oct. 29, 1850.

JUDGE V. DANIELS:

We have commenced operations against the Indians, and God only knows when it will end. The Indians are numerous, and disposed to fight it out. They are in large numbers about thirty miles from this place and on the Cosumnes river. This morning we shall start with mounted force for that point. Yesterday we had some fighting and some fun, and the Indians have many white men among them. After fighting them a good part of the day, we returned to camp; while in the act of cooking our evening's repast, the fire again commenced upon us from the timber which surrounds the park. Our horses luckily, had just been staked down, and were beyond the reach of their guns. Well, Judge, to make a long story short, some of us have had some fighting, and I think by to-morrow night some of us will smell h—l. You have but little idea of the immense numbers of Indians that visit this trail for the purpose of murder and robbery. Yours

H. L. McKINNEY.

CHOLERA.—We understand from a gentleman just down from Marysville, that several cases of cholera have occurred in that town.

The Indians are still dying opposite Nicolaus. There is no business doing at Nicolaus, and it is of course rather dull.

We were informed last night that the cholera had appeared among the Indians who have a village on the opposite bank of the American river a short distance above its mouth. [Transcript.]

MORTALITY REPORT OF SACRAMENTO, for the 24 hours ending 8, P. M., Friday evening:

Oct 30, Geo Merrill, Mr Carter, 20, Mo. cholera; Bennett W Hughes, 20, Mo. typhus fever.

Oct 31, Ira Smith, 44; Flora McDonald, 50, N South Wales, diarrhoea; Wm Carver, Mo, do; John Pierce, 39, do; Mr Barrett, 90, N Y, cholera; Edmund Tav, Portugal, do; John S Taylor, 30, Phila, do; Fred Folger, 15, Cincinnati, do; George Brooks, 40, Frankfort, Me., diarrhoea; Dr Geo H Mason, 23, Leicester, Ky., cholera; David Blair, N O., do; Jas Moore, Mo., diarrhoea; Anderson Squire, do; Herman Silsby, 32, Vermont, do; Capt And Barker, N Y, cholera.

Of the above two died at Sacramento Hospital.

Oct 30—Nathan Johnson, 30, Maine, cholera.

Oct 31—John M Norcross, 27, Ill. cholera; John More, 40, Ireland, cholera; I. Howe, 29, N. Y, diarrhoea; Wm Fields, 30, Mobile, cholera.

Besides the above, there were five deaths at the Cholera Hospital, since our last report. Two were discharged from the Hospital yesterday, having entirely recovered. There were some fifteen or sixteen convalescent patients, at the same place last evening. [Transcript.]

The St. Francis Hook and Ladder Company attended, by invitation, last evening, the "JENNY LIND THEATRE" at the Parker House. F. D. Kohler, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, and Assistants Battelle, Ebbetts, and Duane, were also present. Every thing passed off in the best possible manner. We met them on their return and had the pleasure of a personal introduction, at the St. Francis Hotel. The best feeling appeared to pervade all hearts, and ample justice was done to the good things furnished by their host, Wm. H. Parker, Esq.

This company is composed of our choicest class of citizens, and we tender them our best respects. The sentiment most appropriate for them we conceive to be:

THE ST. FRANCIS HOOK & LADDER COMPANY.—Gentlemen all—we feel assured that they will never "destroy" as much as they "save."

WHARFINGERS.—The ordinance creating the office of Wharfinger was passed last evening. By it the duties are defined, the compensation fixed, &c. So here will be a number of *hombres* to provide with fat offices.

GOVERNMENT LANDS.—Ald. Leonard last evening introduced a concurrent resolution to memorialize Congress, asking a donation of such lands within the limits of the corporation, to the city, as may not be wanted for Government purposes.

The *Courier* says Mr. Miller, member elect from Mariposa, is a Whig "out and out." We think this a mistake, having always understood that he belonged to our side of the house. Time will determine.

COMMON COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—Present, Aldermen Green, Leonard, Mott, Selover, Middlecor, Stewart, Min-turn.

Petitions.—Of Mr. Wells, for sale of engine to the city; referred to Fire and Water Committee; of Mr. Merrill, Mr. Roen, and others, in relation to assessment; referred to Finance Com. To have the sick removed from the Waverly House; Com. on Health and Police. Of Jas. Knowles to sell the Waverly House for a city hospital; referred to Com. on Health and Police; also from E. W. Kemble to sell building for same purpose; also from J. H. Salmon, on Pike street, for same purpose, also from Joseph Rasitty, to sell building on Bush street, near Sansome; all referred to same committee.

The committee appointed to report on the damages for the removal of the Ocean House, foot of Broadway, named \$9,000. Laid on the table till next meeting.

An ordinance was received from the second Board, creating the office of Wharfinger, and another authorizing the appointment of one for each wharf, and defining the duties. Referred to Committee on Wharves and Piers.

Ald. Leonard offered a resolution authorizing the Com. on Health and Police to provide a hospital for cholera purposes; adopted. Also, a resolution in relation to public printing; adopted. Also, a concurrent resolution to memorialize Congress to donate to the city of San Francisco the land not required for public purposes; adopted. Also, a concurrent resolution to memorialize the Legislature to abolish the Superior Court of this city; adopted. Also, a concurrent resolution to memorialize the Legislature to abolish the harbor-law authorizing a tax upon passengers arriving at this port; adopted.

Ald. Stewart introduced an ordinance authorizing an estimate of the expense of the wharf at the foot of Broadway; adopted. Also, assessments for improvements on certain streets; adopted. Also a report and map from the city engineer, laying out portions of the city not heretofore laid out; referred to committee on Streets.

The Board concurred in the amendments, by the Assistants, to the ordinance authorizing the construction of a plank road to the Mission.

Board adjourned to Monday evening.

BOARD OF ASSISTANTS.—Present Ald. Morris in the chair, Messrs. Sharron, Grant, Bartol, Wilson, Van Ness and Greene.

The bill relating to the construction of a Plank Road to the Mission was taken up and discussed by Ald. Bartol and Wilson, and amended so as to limit the time to six months, after which it was concurred in.

The bill to organize a Board of Health was next taken up, read, and amended. It was very ably discussed by Ald Wilson. He opposed all quarantine laws. They might suit Turkey or Spain, but not us. He thought every thin; like restraining navigation by a Board of Health was making progress backwards. His amendment striking out all that relates to navigation, was lost. The bill was then concurred in.

A resolution authorising the providing of a Cholera Hospital was concurred in.

A communication was read from Capt E. W. Kimball, offering a suitable building, near the head of Sacramento street. [This is a very eligible building, and is offered for sale cheap. Referred to the Committee on Police, Prisons and Health.]

A message from the Mayor approving of ordinance for the issuing \$150,000 city scrip, and of the assessment list on California street. The ordinance creating the office of Comptroller's Clerk, was returned without approval, in consequence of clerical error contained in it.

A motion was made by Ald Sharron to reconsider a matter relating to Mr. Findlay, which had some time since been fully disposed of by the council. After considerable discussion the thing was dismissed.

A communication from the Street Commissioner giving the assessment list for the improvement of several streets was concurred in.

A Resolution of the Board of Aldermen for petitioning the Legislature to abolish the Pilot and Health laws of this port, and the Superior Court of this city, was concurred in. Also, to memorialize Congress for grant of reserved lands, was laid upon the table indefinitely.

An Ordinance to compensate E. D. Marsh et al. for losses in construction of wharf at the foot of Broadway, after assessing the value of the said work, was concurred in after amendment.

Whose pile of lumber is that which renders Clay street, opposite the St. Francis, impassable? While the improvements are going on, there is little room enough, without filling up all the vacant space with carts and lumber. A complaint should be made against the owners of the rubbish we allude to, for keeping a nuisance.

